

# CRN RB 60 T

Revision nr.1 Dated 27/05/2024 First compilation Printed on 27/05/2024 Page n. 1 / 11

## **Safety Data Sheet**

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

## SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Code: MAM 613
Product name CRN RB 60 T

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use ALKYD RESIN

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name CRN BOYA KIMYA SAN. TIC. LTD. STI.

Full address ULUDAĞ ORGANİZE SANAYİ BÖLGESİ KALE MAH.KILIÇLAR CAD. NO:10 KESTEL

District and Country 16450 BURSA

TR

Tel. +90 224 372 50 23 Fax +90 224 372 50 29

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to +90 224 372 50 23

### **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 2	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Reproductive toxicity, category 2	H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Aspiration hazard, category 1	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure,	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or
category 2		repeated exposure.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

category 3

### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
 H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**H373** May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

**H336** May cause drowsiness or dizziness.



## CRN RB 60 T

Revision nr.1 Dated 27/05/2024 First compilation Printed on 27/05/2024 Page n. 2 / 11

Safety Data Sheet According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

### SECTION 2. Hazards identification .../>>

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor / . . .

P370+P378 In case of fire: use . . . to extinguish.

**P261** Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

Contains: TOLUENE

#### 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

### **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

**ALKYD RESIN** 

INDEX  $60 \le x < 70$ 

EC 639-829-3 CAS 63148-69-6

TOLUENE

INDEX 601-021-00-3  $38 \le x < 46$  Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Repr. 2 H361d, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Skin

Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336

EC 203-625-9 CAS 108-88-3

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

### **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

## **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

### SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.



## CRN RB 60 T

Revision nr.1 Dated 27/05/2024 First compilation Printed on 27/05/2024 Page n. 3 / 11

Safety Data Sheet According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

### SECTION 5. Firefighting measures .../>>

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS FN 469), gloves (BS FN 659) and boots (HO specification).

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

### **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available



## CRN RB 60 T

Revision nr.1 Dated 27/05/2024 First compilation Printed on 27/05/2024 Page n. 4 / 11

Safety Data Sheet According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

## **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

TUR Türkiye Kimyasal Maddelerle Çalışmalarda Sağlık ve Güvenlik Önlemleri Hakkında Yönetmelik 12.08.2013

/ 28733

GBR United Kingdom EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)

EU OEL EU Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU)

2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive 2006/15/// Directive

2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive

91/322/EEC.

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2022

TOLUENE									
Threshold Limit Value									
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
ESD	TUR	192	50	384	100	SKIN			
WEL	GBR	191	50	384	100	SKIN			
OEL	EU	192	50	384	100	SKIN			
TLV-ACGIH			20						

Leaend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

**EYE PROTECTION** 

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a type AX filter, whose limit of use will be defined by the manufacturer (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

**ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS** 

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.



## CRN RB 60 T

Revision nr.1 Dated 27/05/2024 First compilation Printed on 27/05/2024 Page n. 5 / 11

Safety Data Sheet According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

## **SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Properties** Appearance viscous liquid Colour vellowish Odour solvent Melting point / freezing point not available Initial boiling point not available Flammability flammable liquid Lower explosive limit not available Upper explosive limit not available °C Flash point Auto-ignition temperature not available Decomposition temperature not available рΗ not available Kinematic viscosity not available

Dynamic viscosity 8000-12000 Method:SPINDLE No:2, 10 RPM

Remark:mPa.s

Temperature: 20 °C

Information

Temperature: 20 °C

Solubility insoluble in water

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water not available Vapour pressure not available

Density and/or relative density 1,05 g/cm3

Relative vapour density not available Particle characteristics not applicable

### 9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Information not available

## **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

**TOLUENE** 

Avoid exposure to: light.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

### **TOLUENE**

Risk of explosion on contact with: fuming sulphuric acid, nitric acid, silver perchlorate, nitrogen dioxide, non-metal halogenates, acetic acid, organic nitrocompounds. May form explosive mixtures with: air. May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents, strong acids. sulphur.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials



# CRN RB 60 T

Revision nr.1 Dated 27/05/2024 First compilation Printed on 27/05/2024 Page n. 6 / 11

Safety Data Sheet According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

### SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity .../>>

Information not available

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

### **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

**TOLUENE** 

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

TOLUENE

Toxic effect on the central and peripheral nervous system with encephalopathy and polyneuritis; irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

Interactive effects

**TOLUENE** 

Certain drugs and other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of the toluene.

**ACUTE TOXICITY** 

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture:

ATE (Oral) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

**TOLUENE** 

 LD50 (Dermal):
 12124 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 5580 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 28,1 mg/l/4h Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

**RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION** 

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

**GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY** 

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

FΝ



## CRN BOYA KIMYA SAN. TIC. LTD. STI.

## CRN RB 60 T

Revision nr.1 Dated 27/05/2024 First compilation Printed on 27/05/2024 Page n. 7 / 11

Safety Data Sheet According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

### SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

TOI UFNE

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 1999).

The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

### REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Suspected of damaging the unborn child

**STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE** 

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

May cause damage to organs

**ASPIRATION HAZARD** 

Toxic for aspiration

### 11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

## **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

### 12.1. Toxicity

Information not available

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**TOLUENE** 

Solubility in water 100 - 1000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**TOLUENE** 

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,73 BCF 90

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

### 12.7. Other adverse effects



## CRN RB 60 T

Revision nr.1 Dated 27/05/2024 First compilation Printed on 27/05/2024 Page n. 8 / 11

Safety Data Sheet According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

Information not available

## **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

### **SECTION 14. Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1294

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: TOLUENE SOLUTION IMDG: TOLUENE SOLUTION IATA: TOLUENE SOLUTION

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



### 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 33 Limited Quantities: 1 L Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Special provision: -

IMDG: EMS: F-E, S-D Limited Quantities: 1 L IATA: Cargo: Maximum quantity: 60 L

Cargo: Maximum quantity: 60 L Packaging instructions: 364
Passengers: Maximum quantity: 5 L Packaging instructions: 353

Special provision: -

### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

©EPY 11.5.0 - SDS 1004.14



# CRN RB 60 T

Revision nr.1 Dated 27/05/2024 First compilation Printed on 27/05/2024 Page n. 9 / 11

Safety Data Sheet According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

## **SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 3 - 40

Contained substance

Point 48-75 TOLUENE

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

### **SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2
Repr. 2 Reproductive toxicity, category 2
Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

**Skin Irrit. 2** Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
 H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

**H336** May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule



## CRN RB 60 T

Revision nr.1 Dated 27/05/2024 First compilation Printed on 27/05/2024 Page n. 10 / 11

Safety Data Sheet According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

### SECTION 16. Other information .../>>

- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

### **GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY**

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

ΕN



## CRN BOYA KIMYA SAN. TIC. LTD. STI.

# CRN RB 60 T

Revision nr.1 Dated 27/05/2024 First compilation Printed on 27/05/2024 Page n. 11 / 11

Safety Data Sheet According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

### CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.